Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XIX. CHICAGO, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1866. NUMBER 304.

Wants—Male Help.

WANTED—An architectural

WANTED—A Good Carriage

WANTED—Pail Turners—A few

WANTED—Bookkeeper, one

WANTED—Bookkeepers, clerks,

WANTED—All men looking for

WANTED—A few active busi-

WANTED—House Painters—In-

WANTED—A Salesman in a

WANTED—Immediately, four

WANTED—Agents—To

WANTED—A young man as

WANTED—Immediately, ten

WANTED—A young man to

WANTED—An energetic man

WANTED—1,000 live men to sell

WANTED—Agents—$

WANTED—Agents—$75

WANTED—Agents—$75

WANTED—Four or five good

WANTED—Early this day 30

WANTED—Early this morning

WANTED—Immediately—I wish

WANTED—A desirable G

WANTED—To Millers—To fur-

WANTED—1st and 2d c

WANTED—A party who has

WANTED—A desirable

WANTED—A good second hand

WANTED—To purchase, a

WANTED—By a young Ameri-

WANTED—Every lady to send

Wants—Female Help.

WANTED—A Protestant Girl to

WANTED—A Girl to do cook-

WANTED—A good cook, wash-

WANTED—A few active busi-

WANTED—A girl to go with a

WANTED—A Protestant girl to

WANTED—A lady of pleasant

WANTED—Two "Lady" Can-

WANTED—Two or three good

WANTED—Several girl opera-

WANTED—A three-stor

WANTED—A first-rate cook.

WANTED—A girl to do cooking,

WANTED—A good cook, was-

WANTED—A Protestant servant

Wants—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A few families or

WANTED—To Printers. A man

WANTED—A young man to sing

WANTED—Immediately—I wish

WANTED—A desirable G

WANTED—To Millers—To fur-

WANTED—1st and 2d c

WANTED—A party who has

WANTED—A desirable

WANTED—A good second hand

WANTED—To purchase, a

WANTED—By a young Ameri-

WANTED—Every lady to send

To Rent.

TO RENT—Store and D

TO RENT—A house on

TO RENT—A Protestant girl to

TO RENT—A good cot-

TO RENT—Two "Lady" Can-

TO RENT—A desirable

TO RENT—A three-stor

TO RENT—Hones No. 610

TO RENT—Very desirable

TO RENT—A first class

TO RENT—A basement by

TO RENT—A first-class ho

TO RENT—A desirable G

TO RENT—A fine store—

TO RENT—A desirable G

TO RENT—1st and 2d c

TO RENT—Office. One

TO RENT—Offices. The

TO RENT—Half of the

TO RENT—800 more exper-

TO RENT—Anewly

TO RENT—The first-

TO RENT—A fine sal

TO RENT—Two or three

TO RENT—Brick Store

TO RENT—From May 1

TO RENT—Business—An ener-

TO RENT—Music Scholars, by

TO RENT—Business suits for

TO RENT—$10,000 in Goods—

TO RENT—Two good fro

TO RENT—New and

TO RENT—The large W

TO RENT—Several

Wants—Partner.

WANTED—Partner—In one of

WANTED—Partner—With

Lost.

LOST—Muff. Will the

Chicago Tribune.

SUNDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

THE NEWS.

$1,000,000 loans does not pause

Gold reported in the Military

New York Press Telegraph Association

Capital Items.

Legislative—Arrest of a Thief,

Legislative—Arrest of a Thief,

DES MOINES, April 3.

A lengthy report of the Joint Committee to

Legislative—Arrest of a Thief,

FROM MEMPHIS.

Weather—Market Reports—Freedmen's Affairs.

FROM SPRINGFIELD.

FROM MILWAUKEE.

Result of the Charter Election.

MILWAUKEE, April 3.

The Charter Election took place this morning

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

CONGRESS.

Debate on the Test Oath as Applied to Government Clerks.

Passage of a Bill for the Reorganization of the Navy.

CONNECTICUT ELECTION.

Gen. Hawley's Majority Put Down at 1,000.

Rejoicings at New Haven.

THE NEW JERSEY SENATORSHIP.

Unsuccessful Attempt to Obtain a Joint Ballot.

The President has His Say in the Matter.

GREEN, THE MALDEN MURDERER, TO BE HANGED.

HEAVY DEFALCATIONS BY HAVANA GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Despatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

THE NEW YORK COLLECTORSHIP.

It is positively asserted to-night on high authority that a fusion Collector for New York has been agreed upon, and that the nomination will be sent to the Senate to-morrow. The impression is that Chauncey M. Depew is the successful man.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts from internal revenue to-day were $1,191,000. The total since June 30th last, $37,489,104.

APPLICATION FOR PENSION.

During the months of March and April there were granted and fifty-five applications for pensions were granted and five hundred and five rejected.

REVENUE STEAMERS.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue is preparing instructions for the assessment of thirteen revenue steamers now constructing like T. Allen, and will give bonds in connection with their bigness will be required to renew their bonds in taking Houses for the ensuing year.

Frequent attempts having been made to import into the United States certain inflammable preparations of petroleum, which, on account of their liability to explode when subjected to the temperature of summer, are dangerous, and have been found upon examination to be of the character described in the act of July 13, 1866, the Secretary of the Treasury has authorized the Collectors of Customs to retain such goods, until the Department may be enlightened as to the proper method to examine and further proceedings be final condemnation.

THE RADICAL ELEMENT.

The announcement of a complete organization of the old rebel element of this District into the Johnson party, and the appointment of all executive officers was followed to-day by a second call of the Union Club room for a mass meeting next Thursday night to support the President in his policy. Among the leading members, Messrs. Doolittle, Cowan, Dolittle, Green, City Council and Railroad of Indiana, were present at the meeting, and addressed the audience. Messrs. Doolittle and Dolittle are absent from the city, and scores of their friends assert that they have been hoaxed. Some of the speakers at this call assert that the groups of meeting for last night were composed of the most brilliant and fashionable men in the city, and that the whole affair, weather, when the fact is that the day for call was revoked was one of the most delightful days of the season.

PAY OF ARMY OFFICERS.

The House Military Committee has been hitherto mainly occupied during the session in the pay of army officers. The inequalities and partiality of the present system of payment present themselves very forcibly to the committee, and they have concluded to make a fundamental change in the whole system and establish fixed salaries. For this purpose a bill has been prepared and drawn up by the Chairman, Gen. Schenck, which was to-day introduced and referred, so as to bring it before the committee for consideration. The bill provides that officers shall be paid as follows: Lieut-General, $13,500; Major Generals, while commanding armies in the field, $10,000; when commanding a separate army in the field, $7,500; when commanding a department or army division, $7,000; when commanding any other command, $6,000; Brigadier General, when commanding a military department, army, or division in the field, $5,000; when commanding a brigade, or as chief of staff, $4,500; Colonel, when commanding a brigade or military post, $3,000; when commanding a regiment, $2,500; Lieutenant Colonel, $2,000; Major, $1,800; Captain, $1,500; First Lieutenant, $1,300; Second Lieutenant, $1,200.

Officers shall receive their pay quarterly, and more than thirty days shall have 10 per cent deducted from their ordinary pay for time in excess of thirty days. Commutation of rations and quarters is abolished, except in the case of officers on duty in garrisons, etc., shall be entitled to the rations and quarters of their rank. Officers shall receive one dollar per month additional during their second year of service, and two dollars per month additional for each month of each successive year. Officers shall be paid monthly, and a failure on the part of the Paymaster to pay them for two months shall be considered a military offense, punishable by dismissal. The allowance to officers during traveling under orders shall be ten cents per mile. Provisions are also made for the pay of soldiers, soldi

Chicago Tribune.

THE CIRCULATION OF SUNDAY, APRIL 1, 1866 A circulation of [illegible] copies.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1, 1866

THE WEATHER.

Probabilities for the Next Twenty-four Hours.

Washington, March 31, 1 a. m.

For the Upper Lake region, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Lower Lake region, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Upper Mississippi valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Lower Mississippi valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Missouri valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Ohio valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Tennessee valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Gulf States, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Atlantic States, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

For the Pacific States, clear or partly cloudy weather, with rising barometer, northwesterly winds, and stationary temperature, will prevail during the first part of the day, followed by falling barometer, southeasterly winds, and increasing cloudiness and rain.

THE LATE TORNADO.

More of the Terrible Work Revealed by Daylight.

Scenes of Desolation and Ruin Everywhere.

Full Particulars of the Fearful Storm.

Terrible Effects Described.

Thirty-three Persons Killed in Cook County, Illinois, Reported Yesterday.

Over Two Hundred Injured.

Many Families Have Been Rendered Homeless.

Property Almost Entirely Destroyed.

Aid Needed for the Sufferers.

Meetings Called for To-day.

Subscriptions Opened.

Amounts Already Received.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

The terrible tornado which swept over this city on Saturday afternoon, and which has been described in the columns of this paper, was the most destructive storm that has ever visited this section of the country. It was not only the most destructive, but it was also the most extensive, and the area of country over which it passed is very much greater than that of any other storm of which we have any record. It appears to have originated in Iowa, and to have passed over the northern portion of Illinois, and thence over Lake Michigan, striking the city of Chicago, and passing over the northern portion of Indiana, and thence over Lake Erie, and finally expending its force in the State of New York. The whole distance traversed by the storm was not less than 1,000 miles, and the width of the track of destruction varied from a few rods to several miles. In this city the storm was most severely felt in the northern portion, and in the towns of Lake View, Jefferson, and Hyde Park, in the southern portion of the city. In the latter towns the destruction of property was very great, and many families have been rendered homeless. In the city proper the damage was not so great, but it was sufficiently severe to cause a loss of many thousands of dollars. The number of persons killed in this city and county is thirty-three, and the number injured is over two hundred. Many of the latter will be crippled for life, and many will be disfigured for life. The following is a list of the killed, so far as we have been able to obtain it:

[illegible]

Many families have been rendered homeless, and are in a destitute condition. Many of the houses which were not entirely destroyed were unroofed, and rendered untenantable.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

The Sunday Car Question.

[From the Philadelphia Press, 13th.]

The despatch from Harrisburg stating that the Governor would not sign the bill to lease the City Passenger railway of Philadelphia a year ago, was held to settle the question of running cars on Sunday, and the subject was generally dismissed. We rejoice at the adjustment of a question which, in our part, from first to last, was simply to secure equal privileges to all classes of people. And while we have certainly predicted for the future that this will soon subside, we now make bold to predict that in a very short time the most ardent opponents of the cars on Sunday in this city will, without the least hesitation, take advantage of the privilege that are accorded to their more pious neighbors.

COMMON COUNCIL.

[OFFICIAL REPORT.]

Adjourned Regular Meeting, March 28, 1866.

Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—In Chamber—Messrs. Reynolds, Barnett, Wicker, Moore, Roberts, Frisbee, Hamilton, Hoyne, Chandler, Hesing, Ela, Hoyt, Lee, Blanchard and Clark—16.

In Board—Messrs. Sherman, Sheldon, Medill, Loomis, Wentworth, Wallbridge, Frazer, Throop, Fish and Woodman—11.

Absent—Messrs. Bradley, Tallmadge, Haines, Ald. Bowen, Kinsley, Ald. Bradley, Ald. Hoyne, and the Comptroller—5.

Ald. GODFRAY, City Clerk.

Regular Meeting, Monday, April 2, 1866.

Present—In Board—Ald. Sherman, Sheldon, Medill, Loomis, Wentworth, Wallbridge, Frazer, Throop, Fish, Woodman, Bradley, Tallmadge, Haines, Ald. Bowen, Kinsley, Ald. Bradley, Ald. Hoyne, and the Comptroller—20.

In Chamber—Messrs. Reynolds, Barnett, Wicker, Moore, Roberts, Frisbee, Hamilton, Hoyne, Chandler, Hesing, Ela, Hoyt, Lee, Blanchard and Clark—17.

Absent—Messrs. Bradley, Tallmadge, Haines, Ald. Bowen, Kinsley, Ald. Bradley, Ald. Hoyne, and the Comptroller—5.

Ald. GODFRAY, City Clerk.

MINUTES.

Ald. Kinsley moved to dispense with the reading of the minutes of the meeting of March 19th, which motion was carried without dissent.

PETITIONS.

The Clerk then read the following synopsis of petitions, referred to the Council since the last meeting:

By Ald. Hamilton—Petition of Thomas Hoyne and others, for the opening of Ohio street, from Clark to Wells.

By Ald. Hamilton—Petition of Thomas Hoyne and others, for the opening of Ontario street, from Clark to Wells.

By Ald. Hamilton—Petition of property owners on Kinzie street, from Clark to Wells, for the opening of said street.

By Ald. Hamilton—Petition of property owners on Illinois street, from Clark to Wells, for the opening of said street.

By Ald. Hamilton—Petition of property owners on Kinzie and Illinois streets, from Clark to Wells, for the opening of said streets

Chicago Tribune.
WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4 1866.

THE CITY.

TWENTIETH WARD.—A meeting of the Republicans of the Thirteenth Ward will be held this evening at Fitch's Hall, to agree upon the selection of a candidate for the office of Alderman of that Ward, at the evening election.

THE NORTHERN RAILROAD.—We regret to say we are informed that, owing to the feeble manner in which the citizens of this city and along the line of the Northern Railway in nearly every instance, the building of that road, the coming year at least, will be delayed.

APPOINTMENT.—Major J. R. Stapleton, of this city, has been appointed inspector of tobacco, cigars and snuff for the Chicago district. His record as a soldier has been a good one, both in the field and we and in our intercourse with Mexico; the many friends will be glad to hear of his appointment.

FOURTEENTH WARD.—A meeting will be held this evening at the hall of Frank Gerbig, on the corner of Cybourne avenue and Division street, for the purpose of selecting a candidate for the office of Alderman to be voted for at the coming election. Republican voters are requested to be on hand.

CITY BUSINESS.—On motion of Ald. Reed, it was directed at the last meeting of the Common Council that all petitions and communications should be laid over for the consideration of the new Council. This plan has always been followed in the past, and on its hands that it will probably rest to some extent during evening of Tuesday the evening week for its disposal.

SUICIDE.—Coroner Wagner held an inquest yesterday morning at the corner of Hooker and Madison streets, on the body of N. D. Woodville, who committed suicide there on the evening previous by shooting himself through the head. From papers found on the person of the deceased it appears that he was formerly from Detroit, and the last letter found on his person was dated at that place.

LAKE FOREST ACADEMY.—The annual prize declamations of the pupils in this academy will be held on Thursday evening next. The presentation of excellent talent on a very great selection of exercises from our best authors is giving a wide opportunity for display on the part of the pupils. The class is large and the exercises will be highly interesting. The commencement of prizes to the declaimers will be made at the close of the exercises.

WASHINGTONIAN H. SE.—The last lecture of the season will be delivered, by Dr. S. S. Davis, at the Washingtonian House, No. 276 and 278 West Madison street, this evening, at 7½ o'clock. The subject—Social Freedom—Admission free. Special Meeting of the Executive Committee will be held at 7 o'clock this evening at No. 276 Madison street.

THE Board of Directors of the Young Men's Library Association will meet at the Chicago Academy room at the Court House, the following question, will be discussed: "Resolved, that the policy of Progressive Democracy, as advocated by Mr. Cyril Pilgrim Bill, should be sustained." G. H. Woodman and E. Gerrish, of the affirmative, Messrs. Gordon and McClanahand, negative. The debate will be opened by the gentlemen on the affirmative side, and concluded by the gentlemen on the negative. The public are invited to be present.

HALPIN'S CITY DIRECTORY.—We enter merchants and others to the advertisement of Mr. T. M. Halpin, on our first page, in which he announces that he has not yet authorized any one to collect for advertisements to be inserted in the forthcoming edition of the city directory, and that he has no such agent. If he should, he will promptly refund to every one paying it. He is compiling the most complete directory of the city ever published, and he proposes that the patronage of the city shall be properly solicited. We trust that the patronage of the city shall be properly solicited. We trust that the patronage of the city shall be properly solicited. We trust that the patronage of the city shall be properly solicited.

TRADE AND COMMERCE.—Our city is assuming a truly opposable this week, especially among dry goods jobbers. Our merchants, like Mr. Micawber, do, who, we the bye, are always busy when there is anything doing, seem to be overrun with customers. Our hotels are full to overflowing, and the number of guests from sales continue, and per cent. above what they were at this time last year, as reflected in New York.

The fancy goods and woolen departments are nearly swamped, and the new order will make their store a mecca of convenience, while their stock of goods, and we are glad to notice that Western merchants are not slow to appreciate the advantages of their location.

CHICAGO.—In the Police Court yesterday forenoon, William Matthewson, an old, gray-haired man, and Mary E. Matthews, a woman over whose age we do not wish to speculate, were brought before the bar, charged with living in a state of adultery. The old man was fully conscious of the enormity of his offense, and the old woman was fully conscious of the enormity of her offense, and the old woman was fully conscious of the enormity of her offense, and the old woman was fully conscious of the enormity of her